

ASIA PACIFIC SECURITY SITUATION: RETROSPECTS AND PROSPECTS

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Introduction



A BRIEF LOOK AT THE PAST

OLD TERRITORIAL DISPUTES

Territorial Disputes in East Asia (a brief list)

Aksai Chin - People's Republic of China and India

Ambalat – Malaysia and Indonesia

Most of Arunachal Pradesh - India and People's Republic of China

Asmore Reef - Indonesia and Australia

Baitou Mountain - People's Republic of China, North Korea and the Republic of China

Bhutanese enclaves in Tibet – People's Republic of China and Bhutan

Do Lang - Myanmar and Thailand

Dispute over offshore islands - Cambodia and Vietnam

Lower Kurile islands – Russia and Japan

Liancourt Rocks - South Korea, North Korea and Japan

Ligitan dan Sipidan - Malaysia and the Philippines

Limbang area - Brunei and Malaysia



A BRIEF LOOK AT THE PAST

OLD TERRITORIAL DISPUTES

Macclesfield Bank - People's Republic of China, Republic of China and Vietnam

Northern Bhutan – Bhutan and the People's Republic China

Palau Batek/Fatu Sinai - Indonesia and East Timor

Paracel Islands - People's Republic of China, Republic of China and Vietnam

Pedra Branca - Singapore and Malaysia

Prachin Buri area - Thailand and Malaysia

Sabah (Northern Borneo) – Philippines and Malaysia

Sakhalin – Russia and Japan

Scarborough Shoal - Philippines, People's Republic of China and Republic of China

Senkaku Islands - Japan, people's Republic of China and Republic of China

Southern Kuril Islands - Japan and Russia

Spratly Islands - People's Republic of China, Republic of China, Vietnam, Philippines (part), Malaysia (part) and Brunei (part)





WMD PROLIFERATION



LACK OF A SECURITY ARCHITECTURE





A BRIEF LOOK AT THE PAST

■ THE NEW POST COLD WAR SECURITY LANDSCAPE



END OF THE POST COLONIAL INSURGENCIES



A PERIOD OF TRANSITION

 From Post Cold War to New Regional Security
 Dynamics

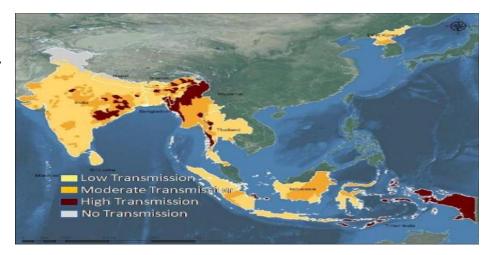
A move towards new Strategic re-positioning







A Period of Strategic Fluidity



US Rebalancing Towards
 Asia-Pacific: US Asia Pivot
 Policy





 A Shift in the US-China Strategic Relationship: Hedge and Engage, from Cooperation to Competition

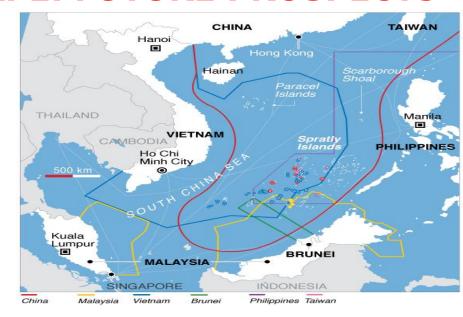








Fresh Tension in the South China Sea



 Resurgence of Position and Policy of US and it's allies in the Asia – Pacific



Old BorderDisputes/Tensions



Maritime Security Issues





The Rise of Indian Ocean BANGLADER

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Chinese-built ports.
refuelling stations

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GREAT POWER COMPETITION IN THE INDIAN OCEAN

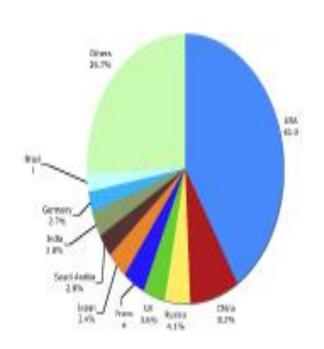
New and Enhanced Role of India: The Security Manager

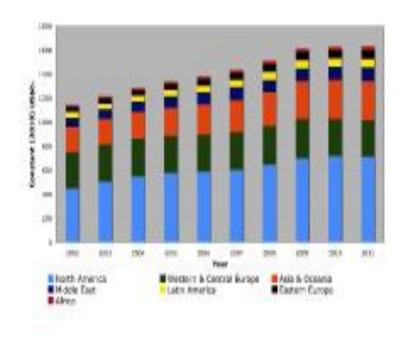


The five largest recipients of major conventional weapons and their major suppliers, 2007-11

Recipient	Share of international arms imports (%)	Main suppliers (share of recipient's total imports)		
		lst	2nd	3rd
India	10	Russia (80%)	United Kingdom (6%)	Israel (4%)
South Korea	6	United States (74%)	Germany (17%)	France (7%)
Pakistan	5	China (42%)	United States (36%)	Sweden (5%)
China	5	Russia (78%)	France (12%)	Switzerland (5%)
Singapore	4	United States (43%)	France (39%)	Germany (8%)







Proliferation
Issues and the
Korean Peninsula



Post US Withdrawal Afghanistan and it's implications



Radicalization and Terrorism



NON - TRADITIONAL SECURITY CHALLENGES

Climate Change

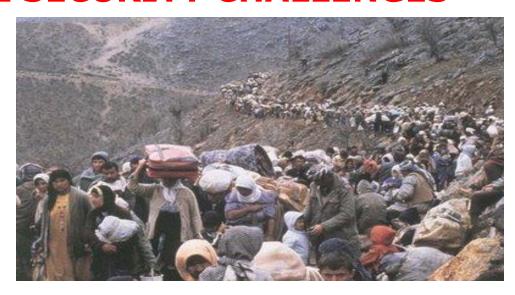


Food and Water Security



NON - TRADITIONAL SECURITY CHALLENGES

Mass Migration



New maritime boundary issues



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WAY FORWARD

- Build a new Security Architecture
- An Inclusive Security Landscape
- More CBMs and CSBM
- Application of Soft Power
- Address Non Traditional Security
 Challenges
- A Stable and Secure Strategic order for the Benefit of All







Question and Answer



Thank You

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